Real World Applications of Big Data

Garima Sharma, Seema Maitrey

Abstract—we are overflowing in an overflow of large data today. In expansive variety of applications areas, data is being collected from at different scales. Nowadays, every aspect of modern society is impacted by big data involving medical health care, social networking, government sector, bioinformatics, education system etc. this leads to new research paradigms. With this new era of big data, the traditional methods for analyzing data is no longer exist. This paper summaries the latest applications of big data & its associated future scopes.

Keywords—Big data, 5V's of big data, classification, social networking, medical health care, government sectors, commercial websites, geospatial devices, bioinformatics, education system.

1. INTRODUCTION

We are entering into "BIG DATA" era with large sources, complex & growing data initiated by many distinct sources. Nowadays, modern society is influenced by big data & its applications which include medical health government, social networking, and network securities etc. Big data gives a new paradigms& giving a path for development [1]. The data volumes are increasing rapidly therefore processing such huge amount of data is going to be difficult. Big data is defined by five V's. i.e. Velocity, volume, variety, value &veracity [2]. The Big data appears to be a new power that changes everything that interact with it. So it is considered to be the new weapon for 21st century. In every second, 2.8 million emails are sent, about 20 hours of video is uploaded in every minute and about 50 million tweets are generated per day. So it is predicted that around 2020, the size of the data universe will reach 44 zettabytes, or 44 trillion gigabytes [3]. MapReduce & Hadoop are the two technologies used to manage all of the data which is unorganized in a single place & give fast results to the users.

This paper has revealed the definition of big data &many applications of big data as well as challenges of big data in different fields & its future scopes.

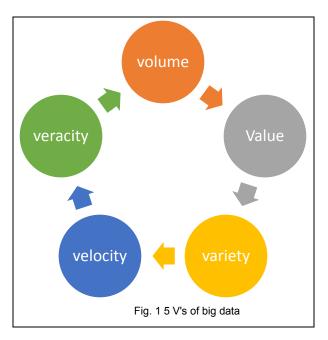
2. BIG DATA CONCEPT

2.1 Definition Of big data

Big data refers to the large volume of data that requires advance technologies for its processing [4].

2.2 5 V's of big data

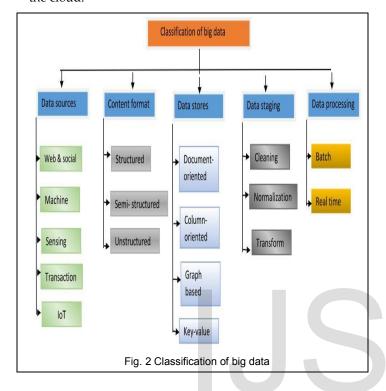
- 1. Volume- it is the size of data which describes the value of the data.
- 2. Variety- this means that the category to which big data belongs to.
- Velocity- it refers to the speed of generation of data& how fast data is generated & processed.
- 4. Veracity- It refers to inconsistency which can be shown by the big data.
- 5. Value- It refers to the creation of hidden information & patterns by data analysis in big data.



Garima Sharma is currently pursuing masters degree program (M.tech) in computer science engineering in AKTU(Krishna institute of Engineering & technology), INDIA,E-mail: swty.garima@gmail.com

2.3 Classifications of big data [6]

Big data is classified into different categories just to understand their characteristics & due to large scale data in the cloud.



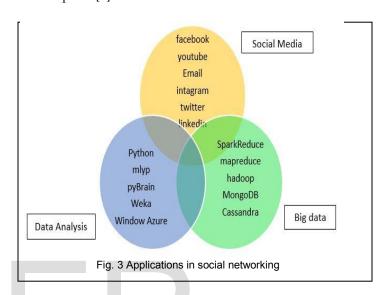
3. APPLICATION PART OF BIG DATA

3.1 Social networking

These days many of the people are spending most of their time on social networking sites like Facebook, Instagram, twitter, LinkedIn, google+, Snapchat etc. even the employers are used to check their employees through an examination of their social networking profiles[7]. Hence there is a need to maintain the details of these applications that are having unstructured data so the traditional database are inefficient in making a database of all this sites and then the concept of big data comes in existence and make a change in the world of connectivity. Now every person can contact to any other by using simple application which also provide fun for them. People are sharing their views and also upload their images and videos [8]. Big data make a detailed information for these application it have the capacity to make a record to each and every type of data that is done by the user and also it archive the data of past years when the user starts using that social site and if the user wants to see what he done in past few years then he can simply see the history and get the data which is a great achievement in the field of data handling [9].

3.1.1 Recommendations & Future scope

Organization lacks in controlling the mechanism of SNS phishing risks [10], enhancing privacy settings & cookies against malware, personal security, and authentication mechanism, internal protection mechanism that protect & detect spams [7].

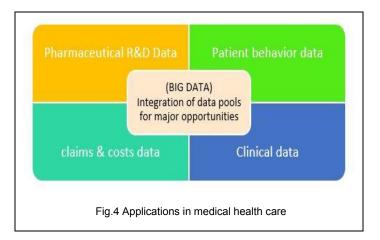


3.2 Medical Health Care

One of the leading industries that generates Zettabytes of data every data is 'Medical Healthcare' in which 80% of its data is in unstructured form & relevant. Traditionally data is stored in hard copies while now a day's it is becoming digitized industry from multiple sources, as: patient behavior and sentiment data, pharmaceutical and R&D data, healthcare data on the web, claim, clinical data Cost & Administrative data, and streamed Data [11]. The impact of Big Data is based on the five new pathways in the healthcare: right living, right care, right provider, right value, and right innovation [12].

3.2.1 Recommendations & Future scope

Evolution from human based healthcare system to an increasing automated data driven approach is unavoidable [14]. So there are issues such as guaranteeing privacy, establishing governance& standard, safeguard security, & continuous improving the tools & technologies will be the collected attentions [13].

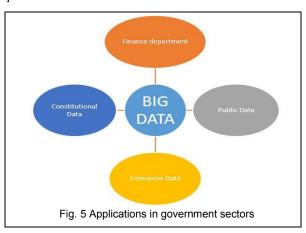


3.3 Government Sector

In last five years all the work is maintained on the hard copies by their employees. But the main disadvantage is that it takes a lot of time and also the different department have to make their records and also need to maintain them [15]. When the traditional based system fails in keeping the huge records then big data comes into existence that provides a way to make a large database that have the capacity to maintain a record of the past information and also ready to store daily updates of each department. Now the salaries records are available and all of the details of every program launch by the government, jobs details, and details of all of the political parties and their work of every year. Now government makes their soft copy and uploads it online and anyone can know about their rights easily.

3.3.1 Recommendations & Future scope

The main concern with big data applications in government sector is on security, speed, interoperability, analytics capabilities & lack of competent professionals. Big data need not to only translation technologies but an international collaborative effort to share & integrated data [15].

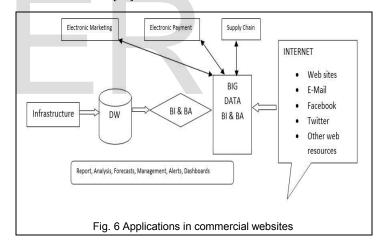


3.4 Commercial websites

Online shopping is in trend where people used to sale & buy products online by using various applications like flipkart, Amazon, Snapdeal etc. that provides various facilities like cash on delivery, credit\debit card payment, easy exchange & return processes. All this provides the ease for the user by easily searching the products & buy them. Big data and online shopping is having a great collaboration between them. [16][17].

3.4.1 Recommendations & Future scope

The e-commerce model based on big data has the ability of enhancing the value chain management of e-stores, optimize marketing activities and increase sales via analysis of consumer behavior, payments, deliveries and competitors. A more accurate assessment of the quantifiable benefits of the E-commerce model requires processing of empirical data and will be the subject of future research [18].

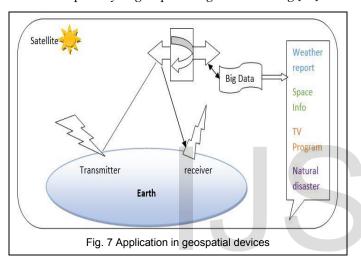


3.5 Geospatial devices

It refers to the spatial data sets exceeding capacity of current computing system [19]. In space there are many activities are going on every time our planet earth is always surrounded with meteor and meteoroids and some of are so big enough to destroy the earth hence the satellites are always in monitoring the earth so that the scientist and astronauts take desired action if any problem is come. Today a single TV program is seen by many people on a same time hence the need of broadcasting the programs to the entire users in a same time is necessary so we are using to make a database of the users and make a link to the GSLV and broadcast all of the information in a single time.

3.5.1 Recommendations & Future scope

There should be the development of new spatial indexing and algorithms to handle real-time, streaming data and support topology for real-time analytics. The development of efficient methods to display data integrated in the three dimensions of geographic. The development of conceptual and methodological approaches to move big data from descriptive and correlation research and applications to ones that explore casual and explanatory relationships. Privacy and security are equally important and key concerns especially in geospatial big data handling [20].



3.6 Bioinformatics

It may be defined as the science of collecting & analyzing complex biological data such as genetic codes. So it requires a massive amount of database as every single person & their genetic info differ from each other. Therefore big data is used to maintain the database to store this kind of information.

We are using advanced bioinformatics technologies like face reorganization, finger print reorganization & eyes reorganization in high security [21]. It allows us to obtain & store large quantities of data that should be processed [22].

3.6.1 Recommendations & Future scope

Big data brings considerable challenges to bioinformatics like storage demand of big data, data transfer, security & privacy, deriving values, heterogeneity, time & space constrains & visualization & presentation of big data [22].

3.7 Education System

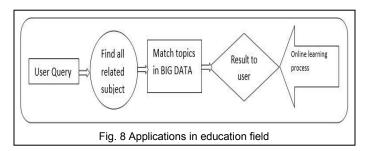
The use of big data & analytics in education system is relatively a new area. Big data provide many opportunities Advantages in education system [23]

Table 1 Education system data table

Improved	It Can improve students'
instruction	performance and learning
	abilities making the lessons
	more personal.
Matching students	Open Data are able to help
to programs	students and parents to
	find the best school or
	educational program
Matching students	Students, employees &
to employment	companies can find their
	applications for job that
	matches their abilities.
Transparent	It able to choose anything
education financing	about higher education and
	to discover the proper
	education programs for
	them
Efficient system	This helps in securing a
administration	high performance, add
	afford to a versatile and
	successful plan for future
	education interests.

3.7.1 Recommendations & Future scope

The traditional view of education system would be changed leading to a new relationship between knowledge & skills. Analytics would lead sustainable & disruptive innovation in academic field [24].



3.8 Security of network

Big data give a big change in security technologies. The most important use of big data in monitoring the network, and always try to identify that the personal information of the users always be safe from the unauthorized persons

and also try to prevent the external user from users data [25]. Large industries always wishes to safe their activities from the external users hence in this way they form cloud of their personal data because security technique are easily applied on clouds, this helps in identifying the unauthorized access of data or the fraud persons.

3.8.1 Recommendations & Future scope

As far as security is concerned, the existing technologies are promising to evolve as newer vulnerabilities to big data arise and the need for securing them increases [26].

4. FUTURE SCOPE

Big data has the potential to change the world in every field. Big data isn't new but now has reached critical mass as people are making their lives digitize. The new applications are generating a huge amount of data in unstructured and structured form. Big data is able to process and store that data and probably in more amounts in near future. So, we will need new technologies and tools for anonymizing data, analysis, tracking and auditing information, sharing and managing, our own personal data in future.

5. CONCLUSION

Big data have the ability to handle all type of unstructured, semi structured, structured data in a single place and also easy to understand by the front end users the Hadoop and map reduce methods is the main methods to handle the applications database the all of the fields which are describe in this paper are having a unorganized database so that big data plays a very important role to manage all of the data in single place. Medical, sports, academics, telecommunications, government sectors and all of other those are discussed in this paper have a definite big data analytics platform so that these application works fast with all of its complexity. The main aim of this paper is make list of all applications of big data is used and to give a future assumption about the problem of size when the size of data increases and we have to store that massive amount of data by using some new tools and technologies like Hadoop, MapReduce, HPCC, HIVE and some new are coming in future.

Acknowledgment

I would like to express my sincere thanks to Mrs. Seema Maitrey for their help & support towards the completion of my paper.

REFERENCES

- Amirgandomi, MurtazaHaider "Beyond the hype: Big data concepts, methods, and analytics" ELSEVIER 35 (2015) 137-144
- KalyaniShirudkar, DilipMotwani, "Big-Data Security"
 International Journal of Advanced Research in Computer Science and Software Engineering volume 5 issue 3 March 2015
- 3. "The rise of big data on cloud computing: review and open research issues." Elsevier Information system Page 98-115 year- 2015 issue-47
- **4.** ZeshuiXu, Hamido Fujita, ShoushengLiu, "Towards felicitous decision making: An overview on challenges and trends of Big Data" volume 367-368, 1 November 2016, Pages 747-765
- ShivasakthiNadar, NarendraGawai, "Unstructured Big Data Processing: Security Issues and Countermeasures" volume 6 Issue -3 March 2015
- TanvirAhammad, MehnazTabassum, "towards the application of big data: a new way to make data driven healthcare decision", International journal of computer applications, volume-134 no-14, January 2016.
- **7.** Romany F. Mansour, "Understanding how big data leads to social networking vulnerability" Elsevier pages- 348-351, volume- 57, April 2016
- Yonbowang, Qingfei, "understanding the effect of trust and risk on individual behaviour toward social media platforms: a meta –analysis of the empirical evidence", volume-56, page no-34-44, 2016
- Venkata NarasimhaInukollu, SailajassArsi, Srinivasa Rao, " Security issues associated with Big data in cloud computing" International Journal of Network Security & Its Applications (IJNSA), Vol.6, Issue-.3, Page no-45-56, 2014
- Marico Silic, Andrea Back, "The dark side of social networking sites: Understanding phishing risks". ELSEVIER Volume 60, July 2016, pages 35-43
- Tanvir Ahammad , Md. Sajib A Mamun , Mehnaz Tabassum "Towards the Application of Big Data: A New Way to make Data Driven Healthcare Decision", ELSEVIER International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 134 – No.14, January 2016
- Peter Groves Basel Kayyali David Knott Steve Van Kuiken, "The big data revolution in healthcare", January 2013
- 13. Viju Raghupathi, Wullianallur Raghupathi, "Big data analytics in healthcare: promise and potential", Published 7 February 2014
- 14. Guillaume taglang, David B Jackson, "use of big data in drug discovery and clinical trials", Elsevier, volume-141, Issue -1, page-17-23, 2016
- Gang-HoonKim, Silvana Trimi, "Big data application in government sector", ACM, volume-57, issue-3, page 78-85, 2014
- Won sang lee, Eunjinhan, "Predicting the pattern of technology convergence using big data technology on large scale triadic patents", Elsevier, volume-100, page no-317-329, 2015

- 17. Einav , L, Levin, J, " Economics in the age of big Data". Science Volume-346.Issue-6201, 2013
- "BIG DATA BASED SYSTEM MODEL OF ELECTRONIC COMMERCE" Trakia Journal of Sciences, Vol. 13, Suppl. 1, pp 407-413, 2015
- Jae-gillee ,Minseo Kang "Big data challenges & opportunities" Elsevier big data research 2(2015) 74-81
- Songnian Li, SuzanaDragicevic, FrancescAntón Castro, Monika Sisterz, et .al, "Geospatial big data handling theory and Method: A review and research challenges". ISPRS, Elsevier, Volume-115, Page no 119-133, 2015
- 21. Xu-bin, Li, JIANG Wen-rui, "Hadoop applications in bioinformatics", open cirrus policies for XML document sources, page no-139-151,2012
- Divya kumara & ravikumar, "Impact of biological big data in bioinformatics", International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 101– No.11, September 2014
- Athanasios S. Drigas and Panagiotis Leliopoulos, "The Use of Big Data in Education", IJCSI International Journal of Computer Science Issues, Vol. 11, Issue 5, No 1, September 2014
- B.Tulasi, "Significance of Big Data and Analytics in Higher Education", International Journal of Computer Applications (0975 – 8887) Volume 68– No.14, April 2013
- Albert wasef and shen, "EMAP: expedite message authentication protocol F or vehicular Ad Hoc networks", IEEE transations on mobile computing volume-12, no-1, page 78-90, 2013
- Kaustav Ghosh, AsokeNath, "Big Data: Security Issues, Challenges and Future Scope", International Journal of Research Studies in Computer Science and Engineering (IJRSCSE) Volume 3, Issue 3, 2016, PP 1-11



IJSER